CLASSIFICATION

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Analyses of Alternatives (AoAs): Toward a More Rigorous Determination of Scope

Presented to: 11th Annual Acquisition Research Symposium, Panel 20

Presenter: George E. Thompson May 15, 2014

Motivation

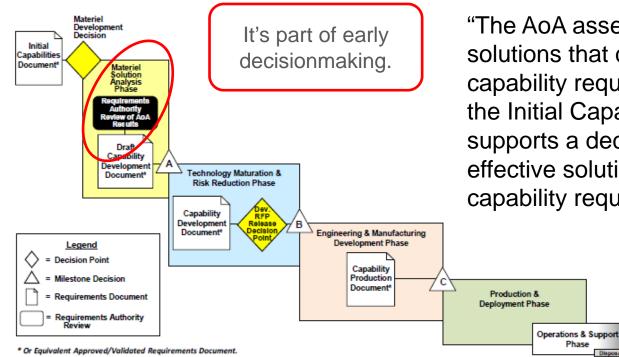
Panel Topic:

Enabling Affordable Programs through Informed Early Decisions

• What's AoA got to do with it?



Analysis of Alternatives (AoA)



"The AoA assesses potential materiel solutions that could satisfy validated capability requirement(s) documented in the Initial Capabilities Document, and supports a decision on the most cost effective solution to meeting the validated capability requirement(s)."

> USD(AT&L). (2013, November 26). DoDI 5000.02, Operation of the Defense Acquisition System – Interim Instruction, Figure 1 (p. 5) and Enclosure 9, "Analysis of Alternatives," paragraph 1.

It initializes the solution trade-space.

"In developing feasible alternatives, the AoA will identify a wide range of solutions that have a reasonable likelihood of providing the needed capability."



AoA Scope is Key to Affordability

As a matter of policy

 "Examination of key requirements cost-performance relationships, when merged with affordability analysis results during AoAs, provides the information needed to support sound material solution decisions about affordable products."

USD(AT&L). (2013, November 26). *DoDI 5000.02, Operation of the Defense Acquisition System – Interim Instruction,* Enclosure 8, "Affordability Analysis and Constraints," paragraph 3.d.

Empirically

 GAO study of 32 major DoD acquisition programs found strong correlation between AoAs that were "too narrowly scoped" and cost growth in the subsequent programs.

Government Accountability Office. (2009, September). *Defense Acquisitions: Many* [AoAs] Have Not Provided a Robust Assessment of Weapon System Options (GAO-09-665), pp. 7-12.

AoA: an element of early decisionmaking that contributes to affordability by properly characterizing the solution trade-space.

NPS Grant N00244-13-1-0036

Problem

- Most AoAs are poorly scoped (GAO, 2009: 13 of 22)*
- Little or no guidance on this topic is available

Research goal

- Identify guiding principles that can help improve AoA scoping
- Ensure those principles are rooted in sound analysis

Approach

- Review documents (instructions, guidance, handbooks, etc.)
- Interview AoA consumers, overseers, practitioners, critics
- Apply systems analysis / systems thinking methods and tools

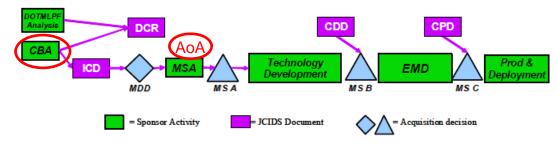
*These findings predate Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009, Pub. L. No. 111-23, 123 Stat. 1704 (2009). However, the effect of WSARA reforms on AoA scoping is not yet clear.



NPS Grant N00244-13-1-0036 (cont)

Scope

 Not limited to acquisition process per se: includes articulation of capability requirements and gaps per Joint Capability Integration and Development System (JCIDS)



Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff. (2003, June 24). Operation of the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System (CJCS 3170.01).

- Acknowledges the importance of several factors that are not addressed in recommendations
 - Organizational roles and responsibilities
 - Institutional culture
 - Predilections of individual decision makers and executives

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What <u>Is</u> a "Poorly Scoped" AoA?

• Two types (not mutually exclusive)

- Too narrow: excludes one or more alternatives that should be considered (danger: excludes viable portion of trade space)
- Too broad: includes one or more alternatives that need not be considered (danger: impairs effective decisionmaking)

How can we tell?

- "Should [not] be considered" means "might have been [or would never be] preferred by a 'reasonable decisionmaker'"
- Identify the improperly excluded [or included] alternative(s) and show that the rationale (if any) is specious

Note

 Identifying problems <u>prospectively</u> requires tracking upper and lower bounds of probable costs and benefits *during* AoA



What Causes Poor Scoping?

Inappropriate response to time constraints

- Post-WSARA push to shorten acquisition timelines*
- This can have both positive and negative effects

Focus on a single warfighting domain

- Nature of capability as described in ICD often makes choice of lead Service – and nature of solution – "obvious"
- "If the capability gap originated with the Air Force, the solution is going to have wings; if it originated with the Navy, it will have something to do with the water..."

*Notably, current goals include reducing typical AoA duration from 16-24 months to 6-9 months. Source: stakeholder interviews.



What Causes Poor Scoping? (cont)

Focus on existing weapon systems and CONOPs

- The "[System xyz] Replacement AoA": *must* the new solution be another [xyz]-like system?
- Variant: the "Step 1 Replacement System AoA" (see diagram)

Extraneous issues

 Hot topics that "must" be considered

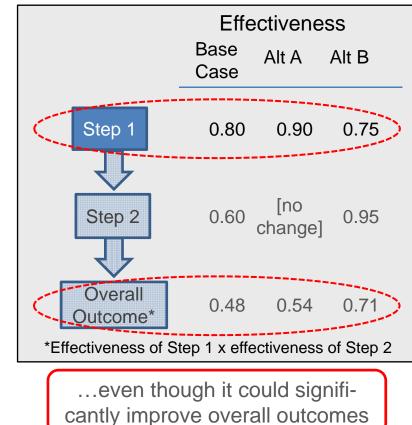
Lack of process agility

 "4 months to get a waiver to save 3 months of wasted effort"

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The "Step 1 Replacement System AoA" will discard Alt B...



Applying a Systems View



Boardman, J., & Sauser, B. (2008). *Systems Thinking: Coping* with 21st Century Problems. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

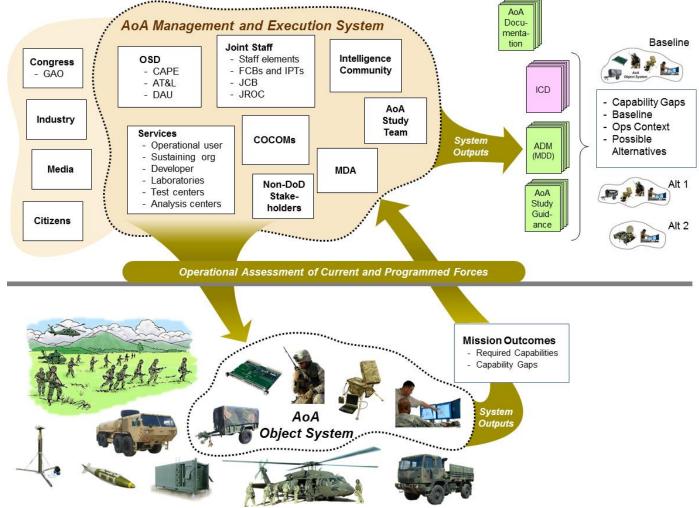
We focused on four of the seven Conceptagon triplets

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- What system(s) are we analyzing?
- What dimensions of system boundaries must we consider?
- What roles do the "big 3" DoD decision support systems (JCIDS, PPBES, DAS) play?
- How do system inputs, constraints, and enablers shape decisions about AoA scope?

The Two AoA Systems (Prior to AoA Execution)

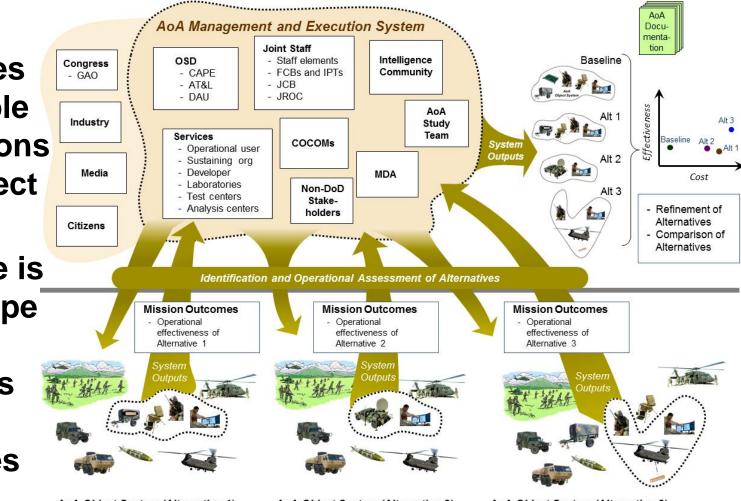
- AoA scope is a property of a system output
- It is shaped by how one system thinks about the boundaries of another system





The Two AoA Systems (During AoA Execution)

- Alternatives are possible instantiations of the Object System
- AoA scope is the envelope of the boundaries of all the alternatives



AoA Object System (Alternative 1)

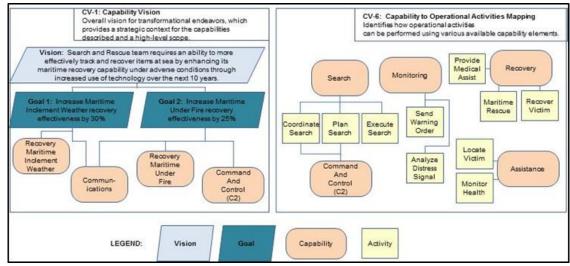
AoA Object System (Alternative 2)

AoA Object System (Alternative 3)

Guiding Principles

1. Focus on outputs (mission outcomes); think backwards

- Problem: no way to think about capability <u>gaps</u> w/o thinking about current and programmed forces; i.e., specific weapon systems
- Remedy: identify alternative sets of activities for capability gaps (use tools such as DODAF)



Wayson, M. (2010, May 11). *DoDAF V2.0 Update*, Presentation slides 9 and 14. http://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents/DODAF/DoDAF2-0_update.ppt

"A capability is the ability to execute a specified course of action...

- Capability requirements [should be] described in relation to tasks, standards, and conditions....
- [They] should be general enough so as not to prejudice decisions in favor of a particular capability solution..."

Chairman, JCS. (2012, Jan 19). Manual for the Operation of the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, GL-7, B-11.

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Guiding Principles (cont)

2. Start from the exterior; work inwards

- Typically, we start with an example Object System and ask "what else is integral & within decisionmaker's sphere of authority?"
- Counterexample (need to improve autonomous navigation capabilities of an aircraft): what's *not* included: the platform? the fire control system? ...

3. Question constraints – what would it take to change?

- Affordability: should the programmed force be different? (Genesis of current initiative to prioritize capability needs based on reviews of weapon system portfolios.)
- Alternative technologies: should decision authority be changed?
- 4. Iterate and reduce uncertainty
 - Necessary to identify scoping problems prospectively

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Guiding Principles - Summary

Start with the Exterior and Work Inwards

 When it comes to proper AoA scoping, <u>systems</u> <u>thinking is</u> <u>not just for</u> <u>systems</u> <u>analysts</u>!

When Who	Identification of Capability Gap	Development of AoA Guidance	Execution of AoA	Post-AoA (Review / Implementation)
AoA Decisionmakers		13	14	4
Users, Test Centers	123	123	14	14
DoD Process Owners	123	1234	14	14
AoA Study Team		123	1234	14
Acquirers, Developers, Labs	—	4	1234	1234
Focus on Outcomes and Think Backwards Image: Constraints Carefully				

Iterate and Reduce Uncertainty



Questions?

Thank you! For further information...

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See also

http://www.anser.org/ http://www.anser.org/operating-units http://www.anser.org/asyst



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