

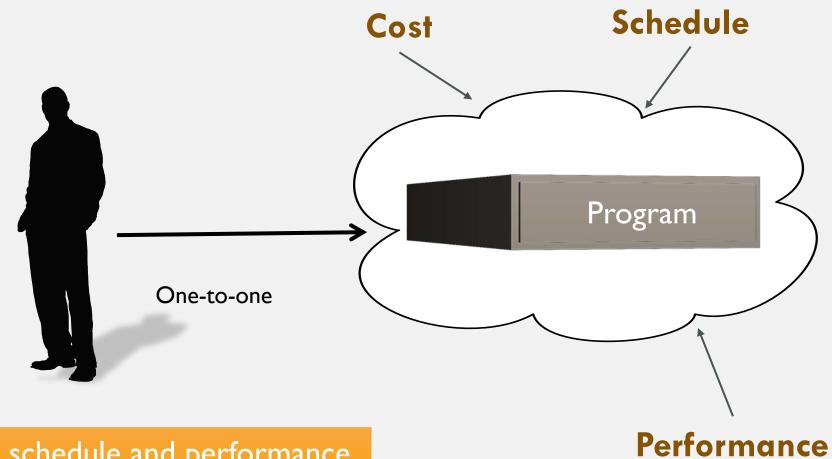
## SQUARING THE PROJECT MANAGEMENT CIRCLE:

# UPDATING THE COST, SCHEDULE, AND PERFORMANCE METHODOLOGY

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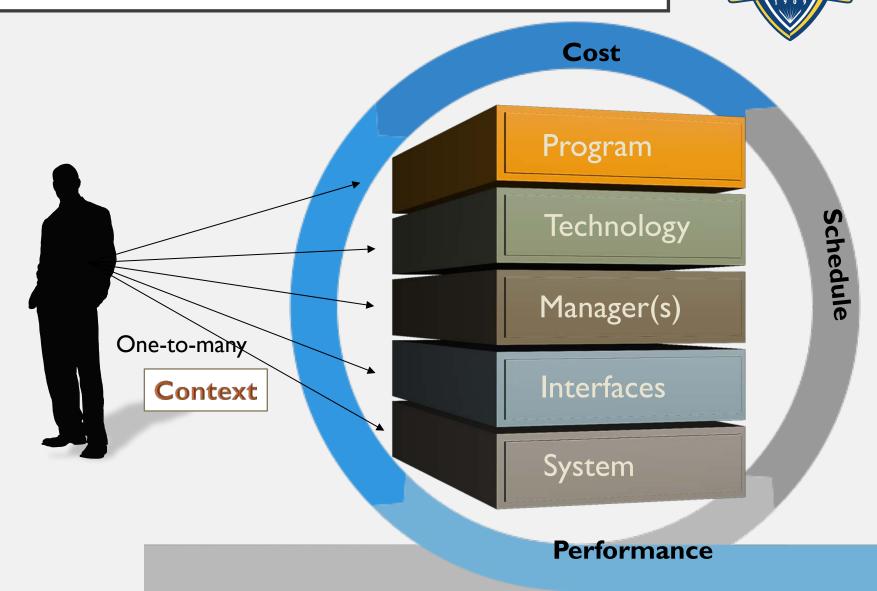
### MANAGING SYSTEMS PROJECTS (CURRENT APPROACH)





Cost, schedule and performance is the Management Mantra

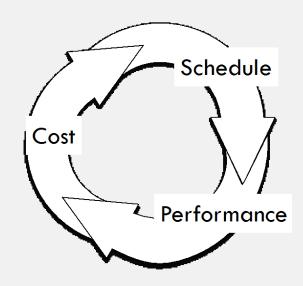
### MANAGING SYSTEMS PROJECTS (DEFENSE ENVIRONMENT)



#### **OVERVIEW**



- Problems
- The Project Management Circle
  - Cost, Schedule Performance
  - Project Success
- Methodology—Systems Approach
  - Cost, schedule and performance
  - Defense Project Complexity
- Conclusion



Goal: Identify Factors beyond Cost, Schedule & Performance that influence defense development programs

Ultimate use is to model the defense acquisition process to provide a training environment for PMs

### PROBLEM I—DEFENSE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT



- Defense systems acquisition has three major characteristics...
  - Complex (well beyond complicated)
  - Not transparent (opaque)
  - External and internal dynamics that are not completely understood by the people charged with their execution.
    - Results in imperfect decision making
- DoD Focus driven by cost, schedule and performance considerations
  - overly simplistic short-term decisions made without considering their later effects.... Providing a less than optimal decision focus

## THINGS PROJECT MANAGERS PEOPLE DON'T DO WELL



- Take the long-view...anticipating the consequences of decisions
- Anticipate future problems
- Appreciate the effects of Time (delayed feedback systems)
- Easily understand large amounts of data
- Change—we tend to hold on to beliefs more strongly when we feel insecure/challenged/ are wrong.
- Deal with Complexity

#### PROBLEM 2—DEFINING SUCCESS

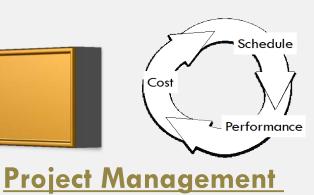












Success

...how efficiently the project has been managed

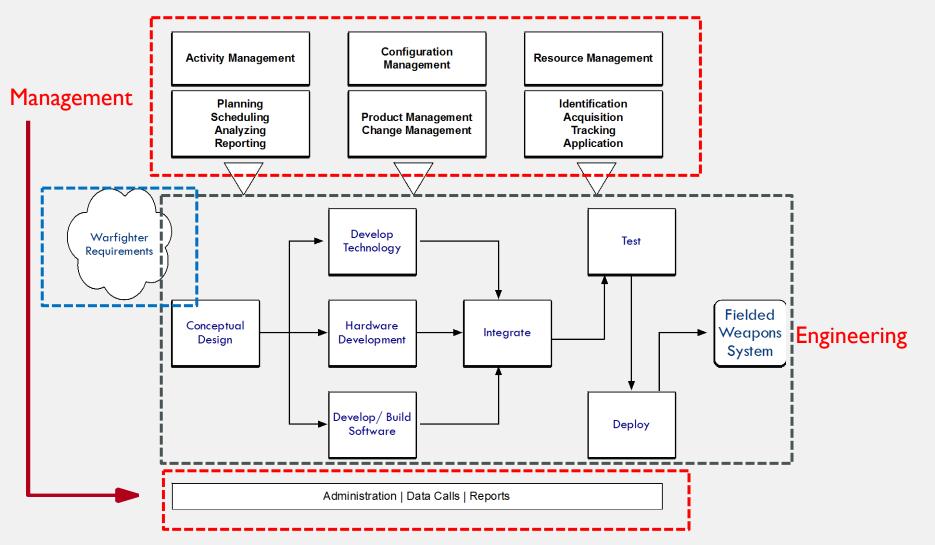
...achieving technical performance and/ or mission performance goals, coupled with customer (warfighter) satisfaction



Imperfect understanding of project success

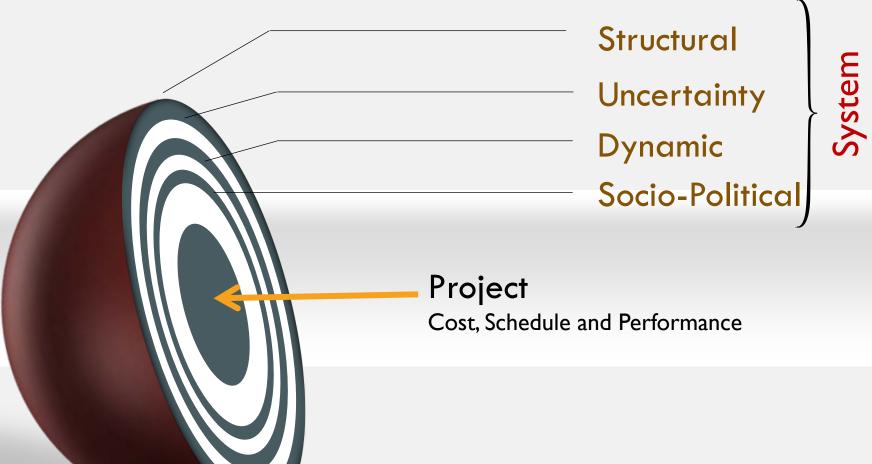
## PROJECT MANAGEMENT IS ACCOMPLISHED BY MANAGEMENT & ENGINEERING PROCESSES...DRIVEN BY REQUIREMENTS





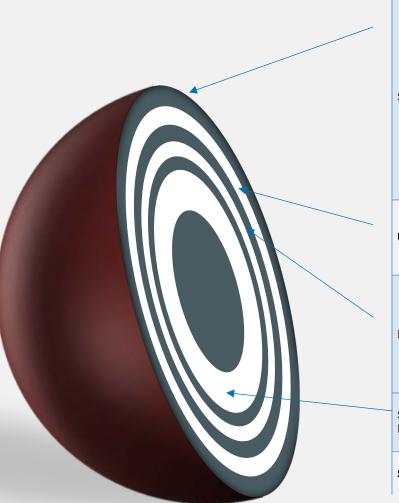
#### **COMPLEXITY AS CONTEXT**





#### **COMPLEXITY\* AS CONTEXT**



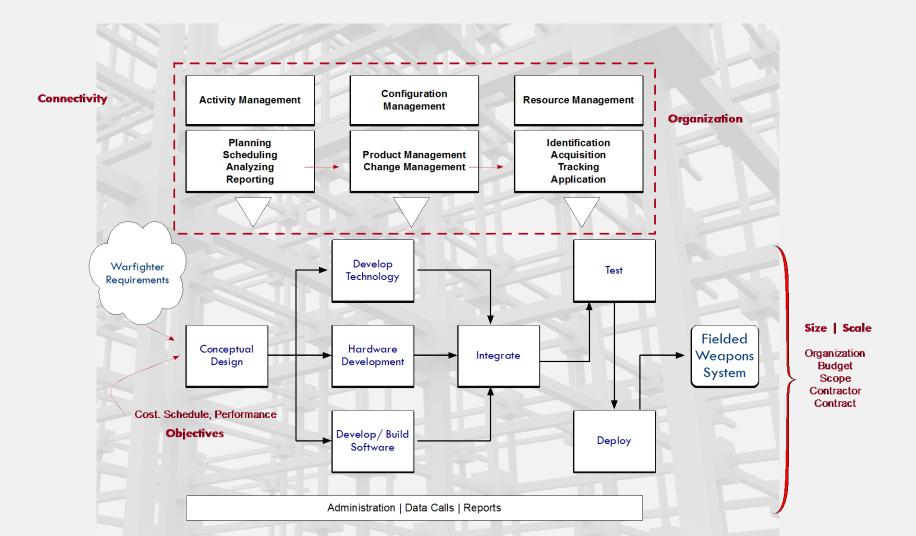


Туре	Sub-type	Acquisition Management Example
Structural	Size	Organization (number of people) Budget Scope of work Contractor (size and number of people)
	Connectivity/ Actions/ Approvals	Acquisition organizations Requirements organizations Industry organization Review processes (both programmatic and technical)
	Organizational	Stakeholder Organizations Boundaries/ different commands/ different agencies Executive Branch Congress
Uncertainty	Budget	Funding
	Technical Complexity	Variety of tasks Interdependencies between tasks
	Objectives	System Requirements
Dynamic	Short-term	Daily problems Personnel changeover Engineer shortage Materials failures Short requirement dynamics Rework
	Long-Term	Changing budget Environment
Socio - Political	Social-Political	Personnel changeover "the new PEO/PM" Change and change management Regulations/Policy changes
System	Interdependency	Emergence Unanticipated actions and consequences a result of incomplete appreciation of system

<sup>\*</sup>After Sheard and A. Mostashari, "A complexity typology for systems engineering," Syst. Eng., 2009.

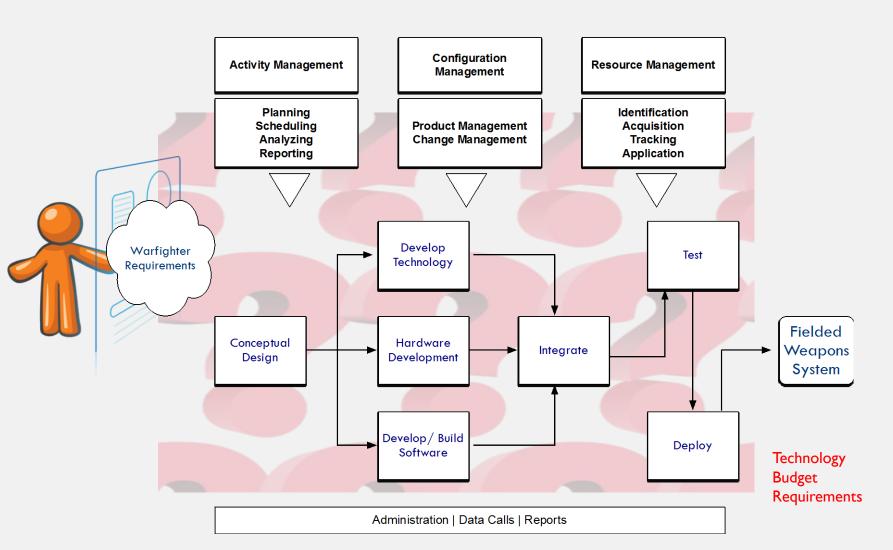
#### STRUCTURAL COMPLEXITY





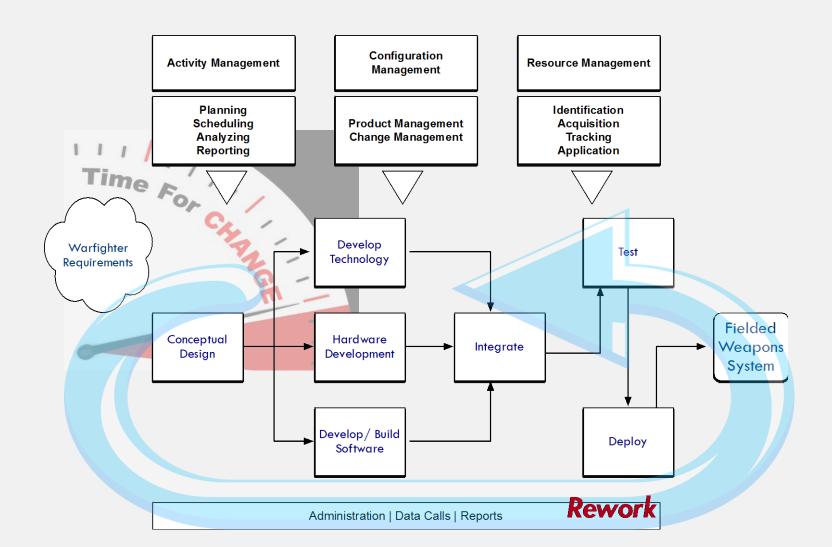
#### **UNCERTAINTY**





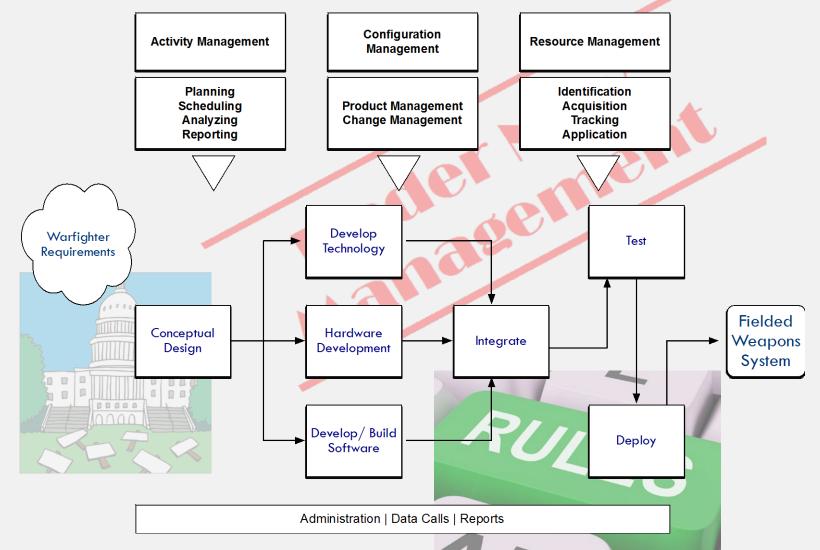
#### DYNAMIC COMPLEXITY





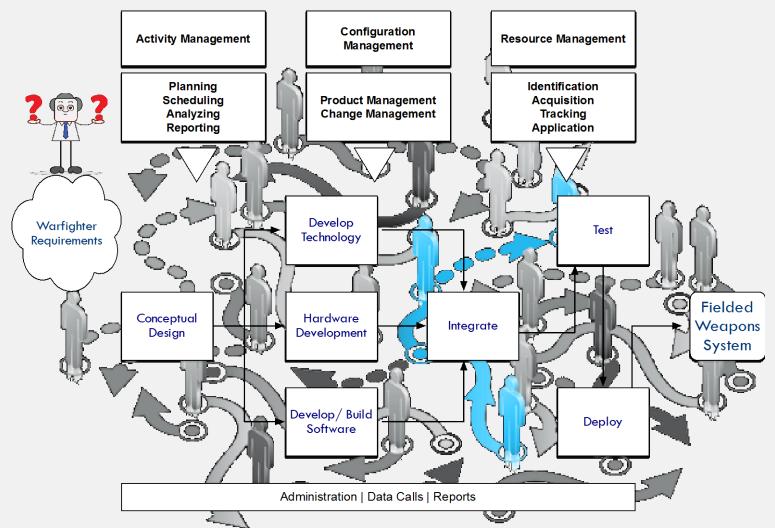
#### SOCIO-POLITICAL COMPLEXITY





#### SYSTEM COMPLEXITY







#### SO WHAT?

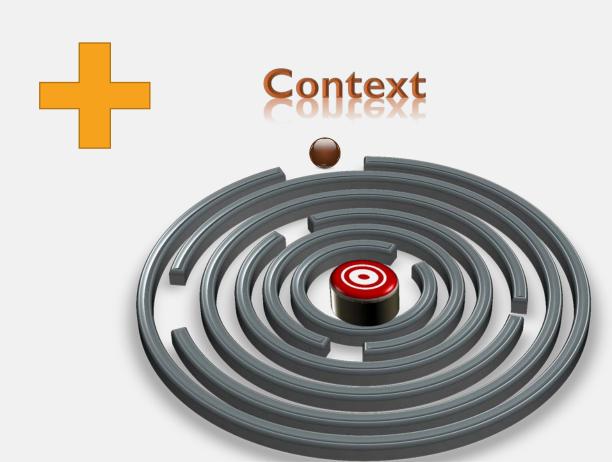
## GETTING TO PROJECT SUCCESS





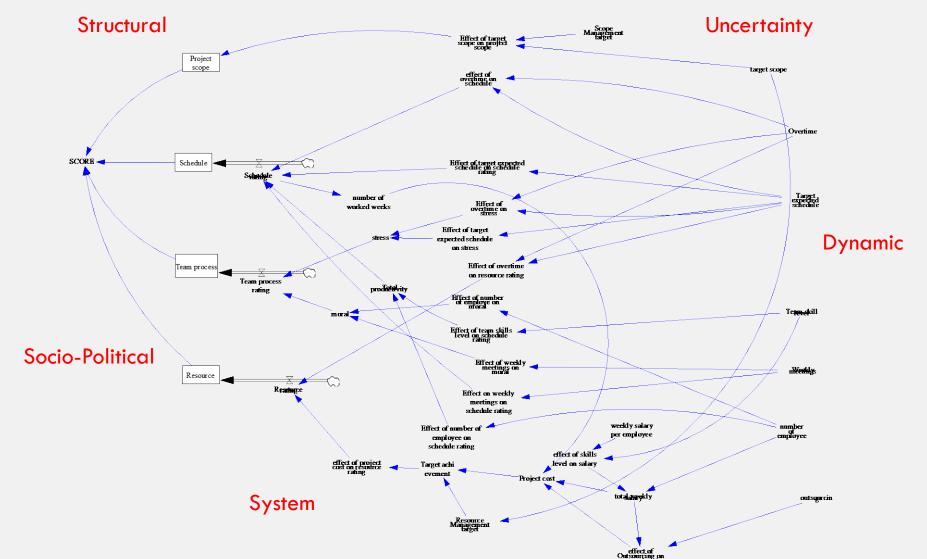






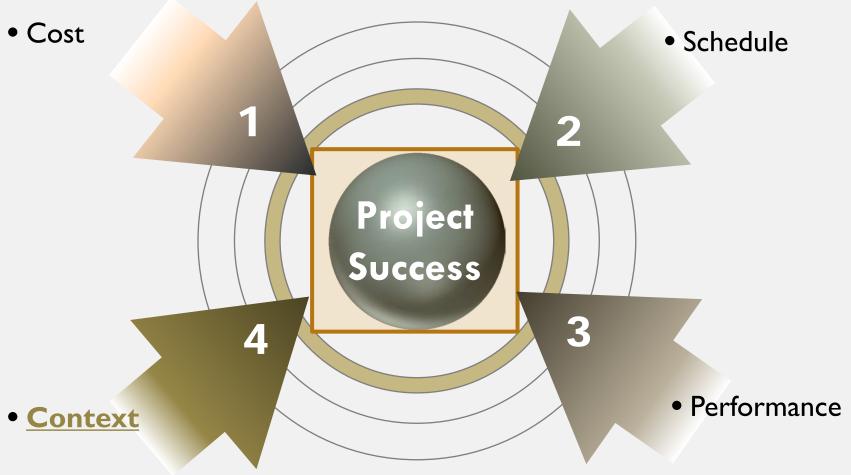
#### APPLYING CONTEXT VARIABLES





#### SQUARING THE CIRCLE





#### CONCLUSION



- Cost, Schedule and Performance are insufficient to inform today's defense project/ engineering management environment
- Context shapes the project development process—it is at the heart of successful execution
- A thorough appreciation of the effects of context variables is critical for successful program execution



**QUESTIONS** 



#### CHARACTERISTICS OF PROCESS\*



- Define how the work of the organization is done
- Logical organization of people, materials, energy, equipment and procedures into work activities designed to produce a result.
- Set of processes lead to the accomplishment of a task
- Cross organizational boundaries (between tasks and organizations)
- Process Entities
  - Interorganizational
  - Interfunctional
  - Interpersonal
- Process Activities
  - Operational
  - Managerial

A Systems Approach to Project Management Research is Essential

<sup>\*</sup>Davenport, T. (1990). The New Industrial Engineering: Information Technology and Business Process Redesign | MIT Sloan Management Review. MIT Sloan Management Review. Retrieved from http://sloanreview.mit.edu/article/the-new-industrial-engineering-information-technology-and-business-process-redesign/