

Acquisition Cybersecurity Management Framework

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Problem: Current organizational structures insufficient for cyber security.

Solution: Expand acquisition role to support information assurance throughout the supply chain and across the lifecycle of the equipment.

Objective: Methodology and workflows to support cyber security information assurance to inform acquisition decisions and ensure systems security and data validity.

Question: Will a centralized information assurance process lessen the inter- and intraorganizational boundaries that have limited cybersecurity initiatives?

Method: Model-based system engineering techniques for systems test and measurement integrated into acquisition audit workflows.

Procedure: Develop supply chain audit from purchase order, through vendor selection, maintenance and lifecycle compliance assessment, to obsolescence and destruction.

16TH ANNUAL ACQUISITION RESEARCH SYMPOSIUM

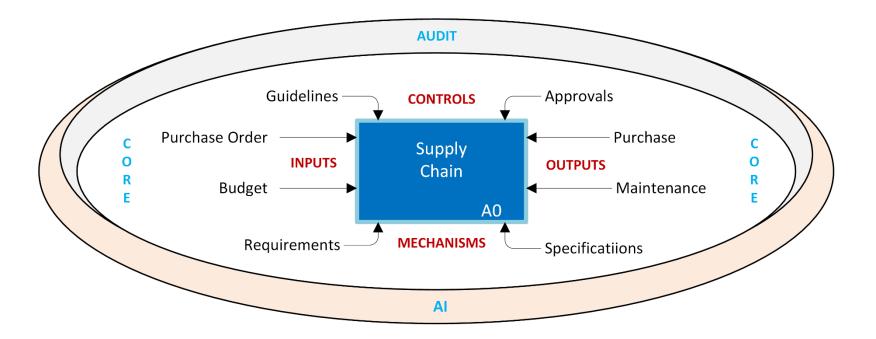
Supply Chain Problem and Solution



Report Says US Navy "Under Cyber Siege"

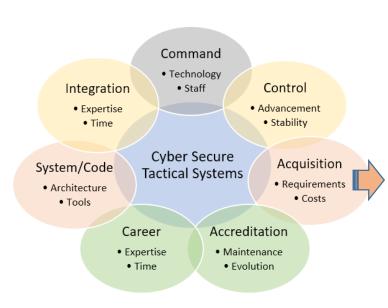
(March 13, 2019)

An internal US Navy review obtained by the <u>Wall Street Journal</u> says that the Navy and Navy contractors are "under cyber siege" by numerous foreign adversaries, including hackers working on behalf of China. The attackers are stealing national security secrets such as plans for a supersonic antiship missile. The report says that the Navy and the Defense Department "have only a <u>limited understanding</u> of the actual totality of losses that are occurring" because of the <u>complexity of tracking contractor and subcontractor cyber incidents</u>.



Supply Chain Cyber Assurance

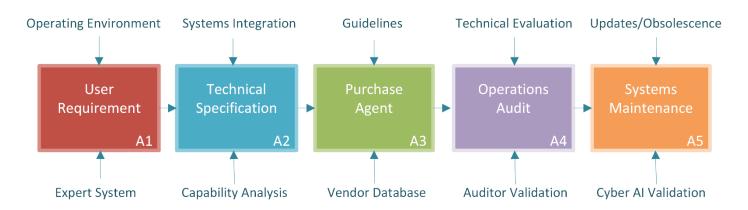




Supply Chain Standards

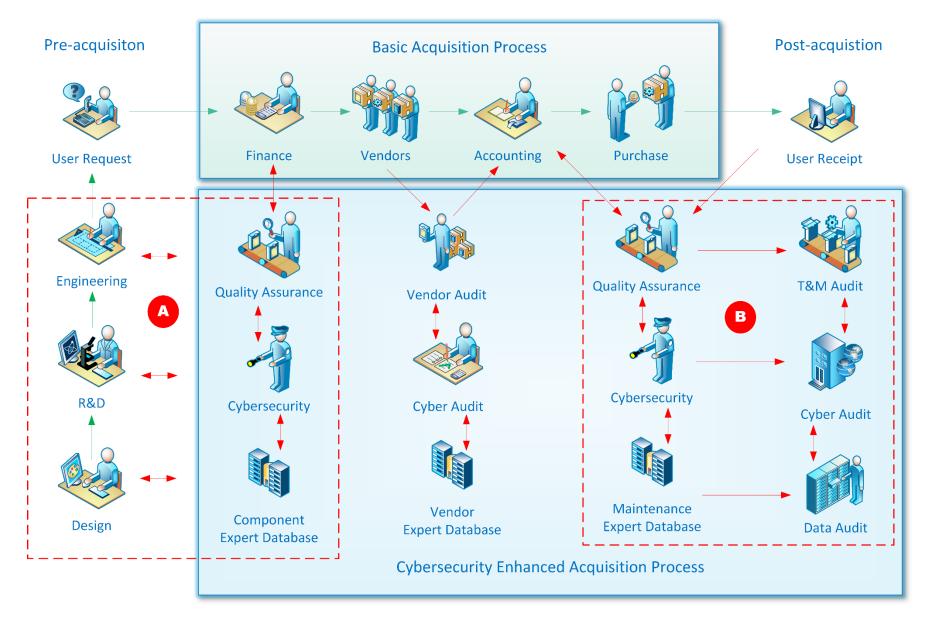
- ISO 9000: Quality management systems
- ISO/TS 10303-1307: Industrial automation systems
- ISO 16678: Counterfeiting and illicit trade
- ISO/TR 17370: Data carrier supply chain management
- ISO/IEC 20243: Mitigating maliciously tainted products
- ISO/TS 22375: Security and resilience guidelines
- ISO/IEC 27036: Security for supplier relationships
- ISO 28000: Supply chain security Specifications
- ISO 28001: Supply chain security Assessments
- ISO 28002: Supply chain security Resilience
- ISO 28003: Supply chain security Audits

Adopt industry security audit standards Implement industry supply chain verification procedures



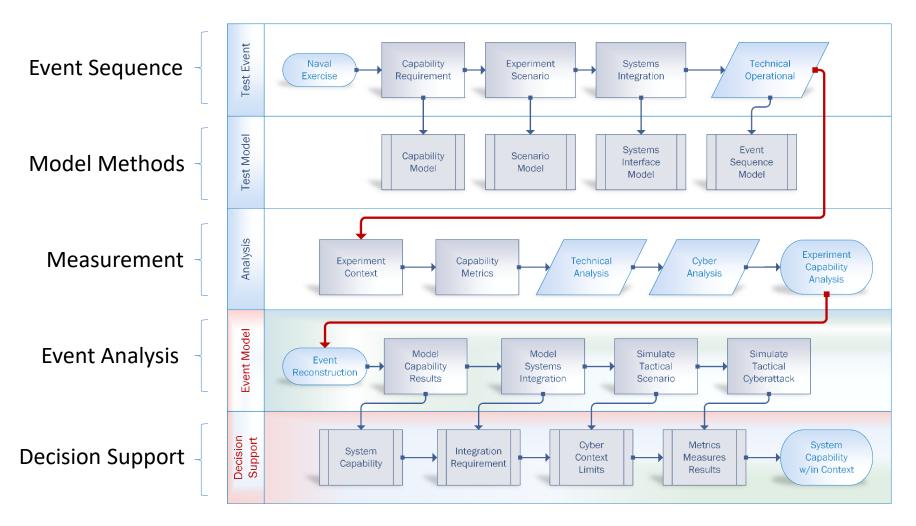
Supply Chain Cyber Assurance Workflow





Supply Chain Cyber Figure of Merit





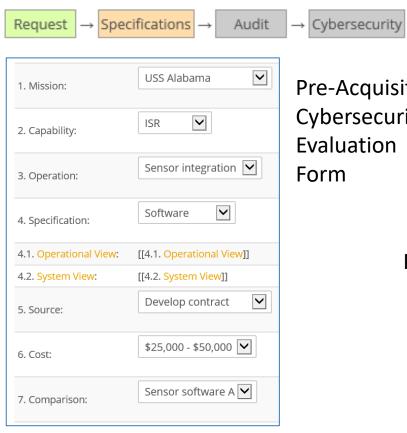
Readiness Assessment Coefficient = (Lifecycle Area Measures) / (Completeness of Measured Areas)

Readiness Confidence = (Lifecycle Area Measures) / (Measured Areas) * (Independent Context Evaluations)

Proof-of-Concept: AWS GovCloud/JEDI



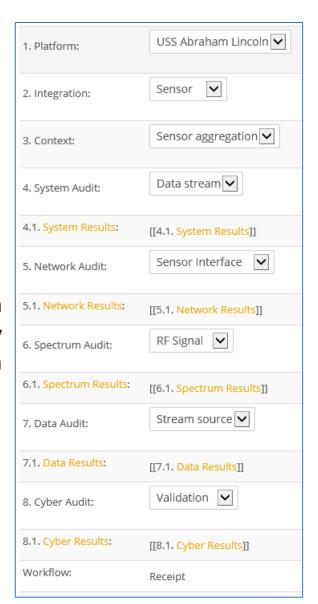
Pre-Acquisition Cyber Assessment Workflow System



Pre-Acquisition Cybersecurity **Evaluation** Form

> Post-Acquisition Cybersecurity **Audit Form**

Purchase



Post-Acquisition Cyber Audit Workflow System



Results and Recommendations



Results

- > Established acquisition department IA role
- Applied industry standards for IA assessment
- > Research methods for supply chain cyber assessment
- Designed workflow for supply chain audit implementation
- Implemented cyber figure-of-merit to quantify readiness

Recommendations

- Expand proof-of-concept to prototype
- Implement autonomous systems for acquisition analytics
- > Implement machine learning for assessment automation
- Expand AI to acquisition decision support