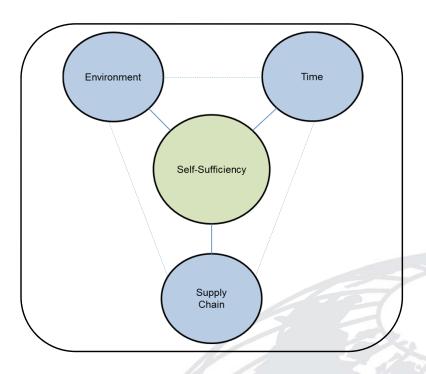


DEFINING SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN THE UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

Self-Sufficiency

The purpose of this project is to define self-sufficiency, as it relates to the Marine Corps, identify the primary elements of self-sufficiency, and describe the interrelationships among these elements. We present a framework of self-sufficiency which (1) Marine Corps units can apply to internally increase their self-sufficiency, and (2) others can use to conduct further indepth research on how to increase or optimize Marine Corps units' self-sufficiency.



Findings

- Three main elements influence self-sufficiency: environment, time, and supply chain
- Each element interacts with another to either increase or decrease the selfsufficient capability of a unit
- Increased unit self-sufficiency relies less on the supporting supply chain and allows more focus on mission accomplishment, rather than logistical sustainment
- Self-sufficiency, as it relates to the Marine Corps, is defined as a capability that is dependent on the three primary elements of environment, time, and supply chain