Computing without Revealing:]A Cryptographic Approach to eProcurement0

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Abstract

- Current eProcurement processes offer security against external attacks
- Information leak through procurement partners has increased over the recent years
- How can procurers and suppliers securely conduct their business transactions without revealing their confidential information?
- Our approach: Perform computations involved in procurement using lightweight secure multiparty computation (LSMC) techniques.

Methods

- Design Goals for procuring commoditytype products
 - Procurer need not reveal requirements to anyone
 - Suppliers need not reveal item prices to anyone
 - Procurer is able to "cherry pick" Suppliers with best prices for each individual requirement
 - Payments are made through Payment Center (a trusted third party) who learns only payment info
 - Payment Center does not learn about the context
 - Supplier(s) cannot be able to determine Procurer's requirements from payments

Results

Execution Time (s) by Procurer

Vector length	0-server (PHE)	3-servers (Previous best)	1-server (Our approach)
10	14.6	4.1	0.35
100	135.5	37.4	2.88
1000	1738.4	378	27.5
10000	>3600	4031	264.7



PHE stands for Partial Homomorphic Encryption (Key length: 512 bits) Note: Experiments are conducted using a 10Mbps LAN

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1. Hide inputs using additive splits



2. Compute over additive splits



3. Share additive splits of outputs



- Design Goals for specialized or custom products
 - Process enables Procurer to assess Supplier's capabilities
 - Process enables Procurer and Supplier(s) to negotiate a price with minimal disclosure of info

Vector 0-server 3-servers 1-server length (PHE) (Previous best) (Our approach) 10 6.5 3.4 1.18 100 61.8 33.8 10.6 1000 614.2 342.7 105.9 10000 >5000 3425.3 1053.7 Previous best Our approach (gy) 4000 3000 2000 1000 0 10 100 1000 10000 Vector Length

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Bandwidth Usage (KB) by Procurer

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