The Price of Slavery: An Analysis of Human Trafficking Policy and Spending in Department of Defense Procurement

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Overview

- Research Question and Sponsor
- Prevention, Monitoring, and Response
- FAR 52.222-50 CTIP Clause
- Results Spend Analysis
 - PPE
 - Construction Services
 - Food & Food Products
- Recommendations
- Human Trafficking Risk Dashboard Prototype



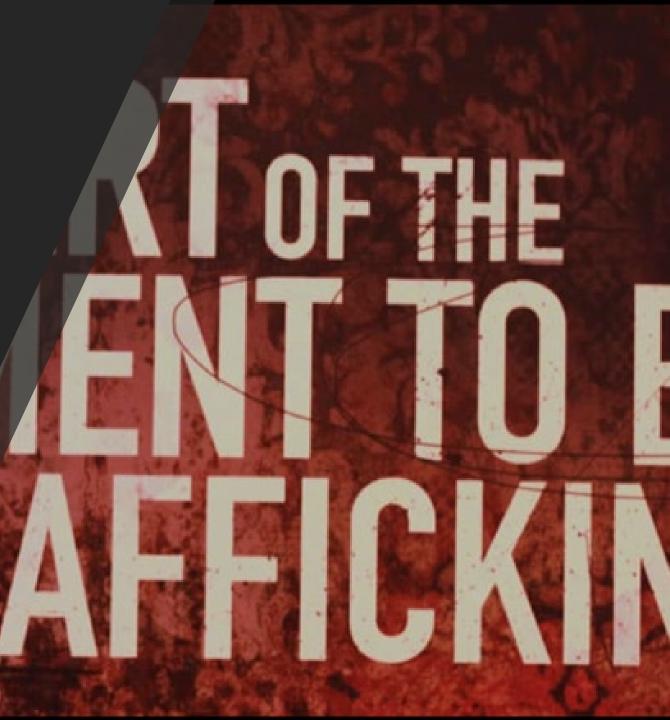
Research Question and Sponsor

- How can DOD better leverage its acquisition workforce, sourcing expertise, and data to rigorously uphold United States policy of zero-tolerance for human trafficking?
- DOD CTIP Program Management Office

FAR 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons

• >\$550K, non-COTS service & commodities, & outside US

 Does this criteria go toward a zero-tolerance policy?



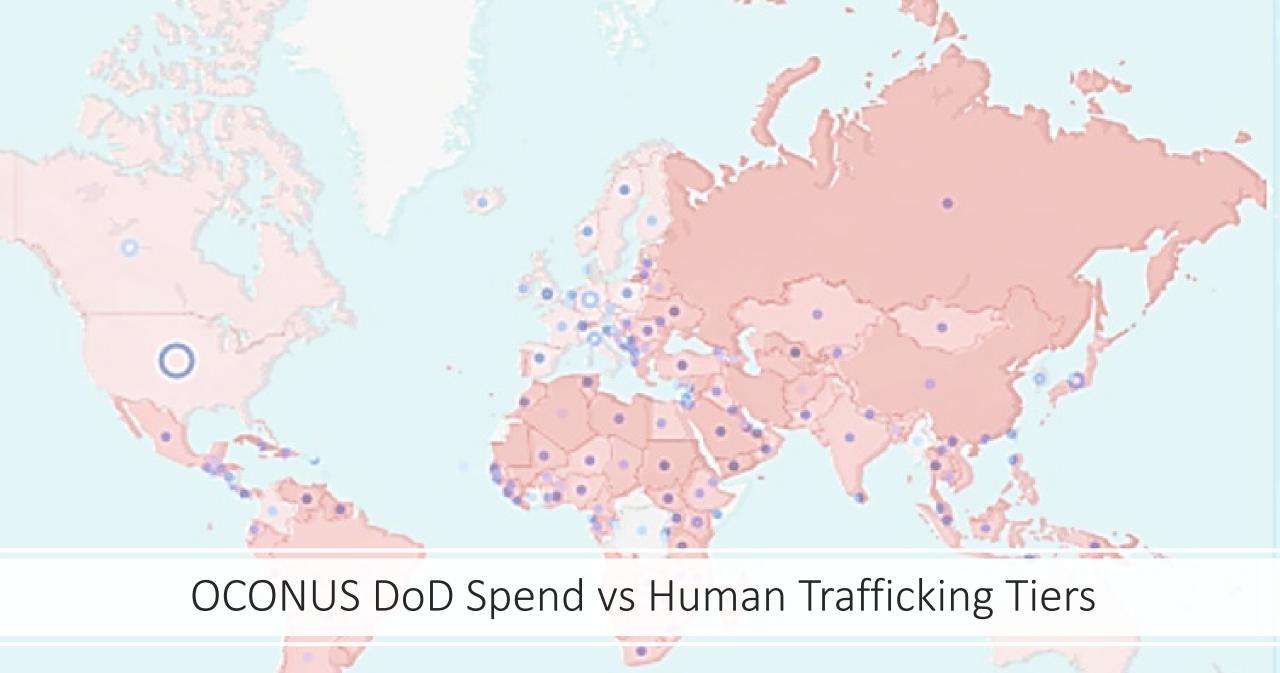
Prevention, Monitoring & Response

PREVENTION (pre-award/award)	How to stop human trafficking from happening within acquisitions	
MONITORING	How to identify human trafficking within DoD	
(post-award/contractor performance)	acquisitions, through a standardized process	
RESPONSE	Who's responsible and how to respond should	
(post-award/contractor performance)	human trafficking be discovered on a DoD acquisition	



Spend Analysis

- AFBIT Lite
 - Spending visualization tool that captures FPDS data from USASpending and SAM
- Identify areas of high DoD spend
 - Geographically
 - Market Product & Service Codes (PSCs)
 - www.fscpsc.com
- Apply recommendations through a topdown method
- Limitations
 - Reliant on data inputs
 - Classified, green door, Special Access Programs (SAP)
 - PSCs don't fully capture the market
 - Only capturing spend at the prime level



	Results	
PPE	Construction	Food & Food Products
 DOD spent \$6.66 billion for PPE in FY19 and FY20. PPE is considered a COTS item, meaning it is not covered under the criteria for requiring a CTIP compliance plan from a defense contractor. \$5.26 million spent on PPE in Tier 3 countries. 	 DOD spent \$42.42 billion for construction services in FY19 and FY20. DOD spent \$5.37 billion OCONUS on construction services, which fall under the criteria for a defense contractor to submit a CTIP compliance plan. This reveals a \$37.3 billion gap in CTIP prevention and monitoring since those construction services were performed domestically and not covered under the criteria for submitting a CTIP compliance plan. 	 DOD spent \$3.29 billion on food and food products in FY19 and FY20. FY19 and FY20 there was less than \$1 million spent for food and food products in Tier 3, Tier 2 Watch List, and Special Case countries. Food and food products are considered COTS items and do not require a CTIP contractor compliance plan.



Recommendation	Description
FAR 22.17, FAR 52.222–50, CTIP Clause	Removal of certification and compliance plan criteria
	Incorporating clause by full text into the contract
DOD Human Trafficking Training for	Creating mechanisms to ensure acquisition
Acquisition Personnel	professionals are current with required training
CTIP Acquisition Representatives	Create human trafficking-specific positions in buying agencies that are identified as high-risk
CTIP General Training Requirements	Reinstate and improve the human trafficking general awareness to all of DOD
Synergy of Efforts Across the Anti– Human Trafficking Ecosystem	Use existing human trafficking agencies as a springboard to collaborate with antihuman trafficking organizations
	Establish a single resource to collect data, best practices, and information regarding human trafficking

Recommendation	Description
The Contracting Officer Representative	Add human trafficking-focused questions
(COR)	into site surveys and labor checks that could identify red flags
	Allow CORs to conduct labor checks at the subcontractor level
Risk Model	Require buying agencies to build a human
	trafficking risk model on an annual basis
Human Trafficking Risk Dashboard	The prototype expedites the ability to
	conduct a spend analysis as it relates to
	DOS country tier list, amount of spend, and
	at-risk markets (by PSC and the North
	American Industry Classification System
	[NAICS])
Installation Access With Labor—	Involve the contracting office in the vetting
Monitoring Mechanism	process of defense contractor employees
	when entering DOD installations



HIGH (H) / LOW (L) High Risk (High Spend) Low Risk (Low Risk Market) High Risk (High Spend) High Risk (High Risk Market) LOW (L) / LOW(L) Low Risk (Low Spend) Low Risk (Low Spend) Low Risk (Low Risk Market) High Risk (High Risk Market)

RISK

Market Risk as Determined by DoS

Recommendation	Description
Increase interaction with all agencies	Assemble DOD and non-DOD agencies to
tasked to respond to human trafficking	increase <u>cross</u> —pollination
A single CTIP platform	Create a single platform for the acquisition
	workforce to report CTIP identifiers
Victim responsibility	Convicted contractors be required to
	provide restitution to CTIP victims

REPORT IT

#HUMANTRAFFICKINGAWARENESSDAY



Human Trafficking Risk Dashboard Prototype

Link to Prototype

