



# Embedded Capability Development: A Case Study in Rapid Missile Prototyping and Transition

23rd Annual Acquisition Research Symposium and Innovation Summit | 6 May 2026

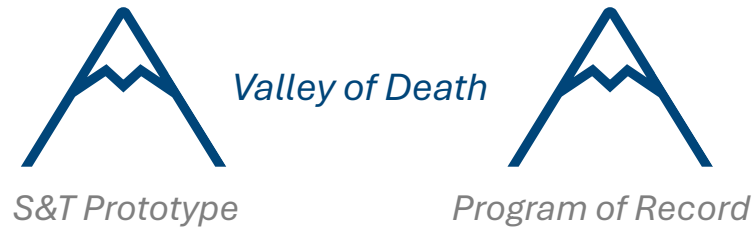
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## S&T Challenge



- Promising prototypes, weak transition path
- Limited acquisition readiness
- Late, episodic transition engagement

## “Big A” Acquisition Challenge



- Sequential and rigid by design
- Slow to adapt during development
- Poor fit for rapid, low-cost systems

## Takeaway

- Current approaches either produce promising prototypes without transition readiness or rely on structures too rigid for rapid adaptation
- A different execution model is needed to integrate technical learning, evolving requirements, and transition preparation from the outset

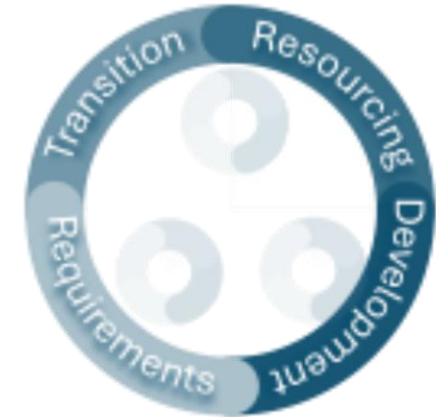
*Practical execution model for maturing capability, refining requirements, and preparing for transition in parallel*

## Enabled Through Alignment

- Organizational alignment: a uniformed government developer, embedded in technical execution, serves as the accountable day-to-day link to the capability development chain
- Functional alignment: development, requirements, resourcing, and transition advance together within one effort

## Core Execution Drivers

- Continuous technical participation and iterative prototyping
- Shared technical artifacts and evidence-based refinement
- Early industry collaboration and persistent stakeholder engagement



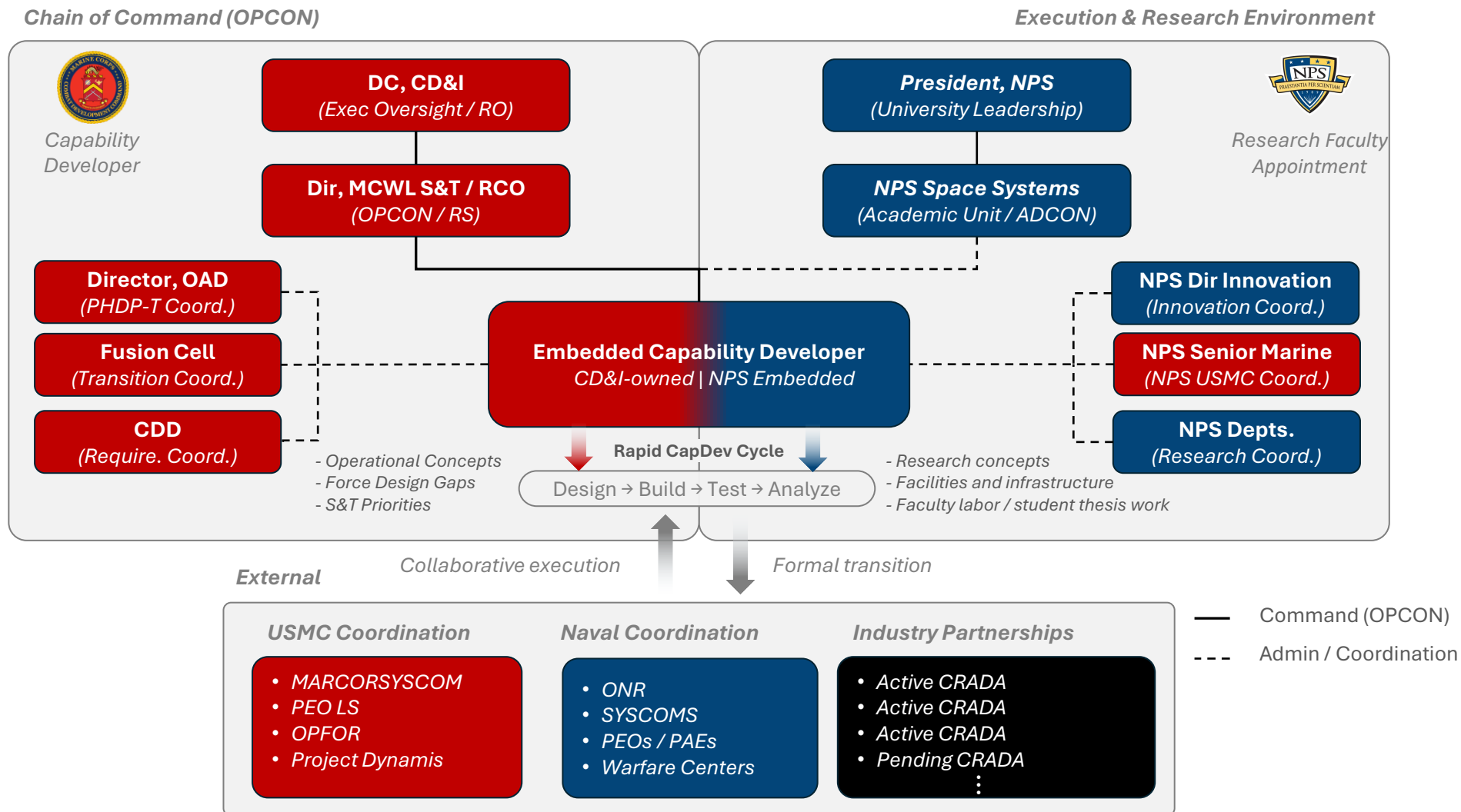
***Integrated Iterative Development***

## Overview

- Government-industry missile development effort focused on low-cost tactical capability
- Serves as the case study for applying the embedded capability development model
- Illustrates how technical development, evolving requirements, and transition preparation can be advanced in parallel
- Well suited to the model because it involves rapid technical iteration, evolving design tradeoffs, and early transition considerations



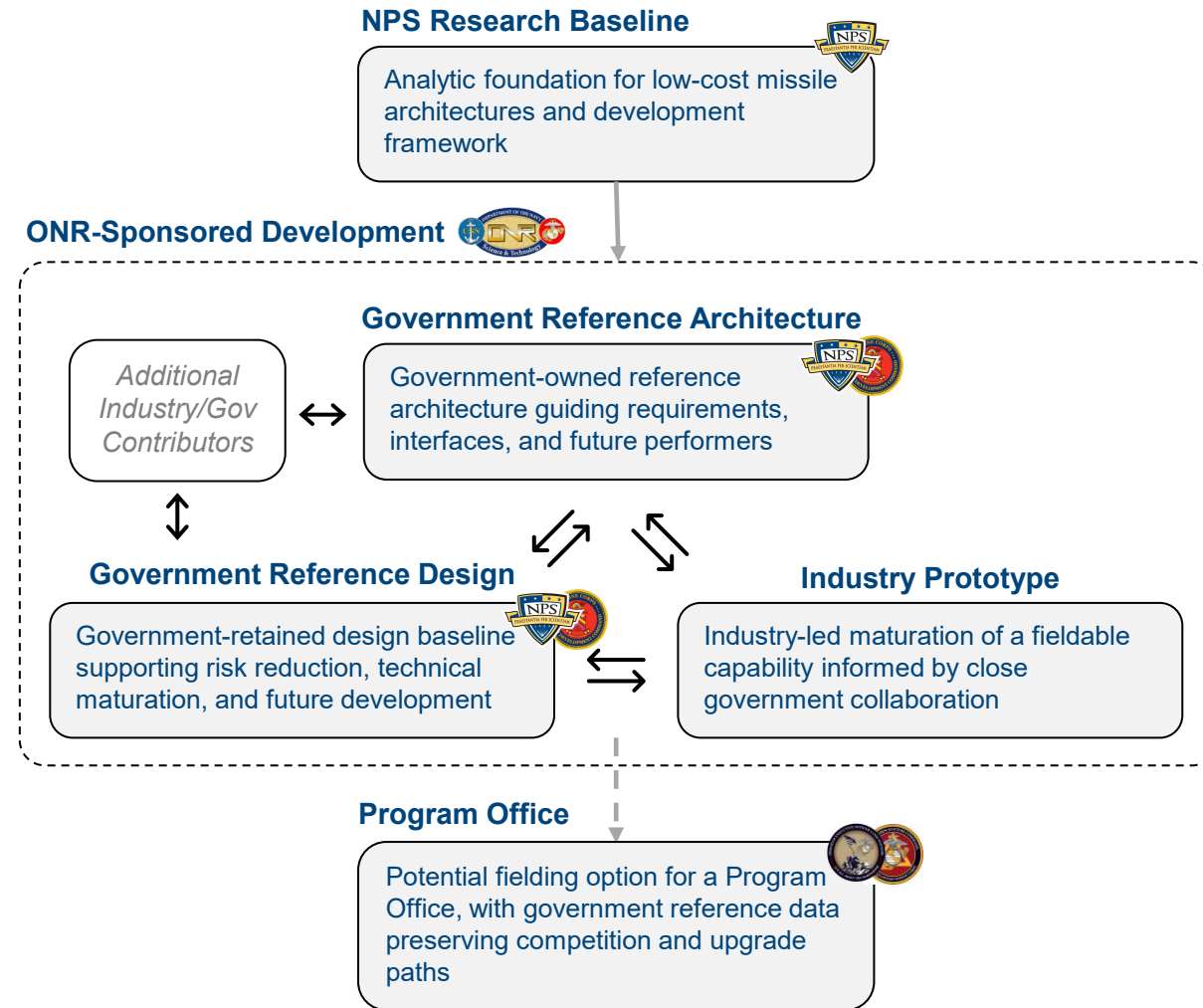
# Model Execution: Organizational Alignment



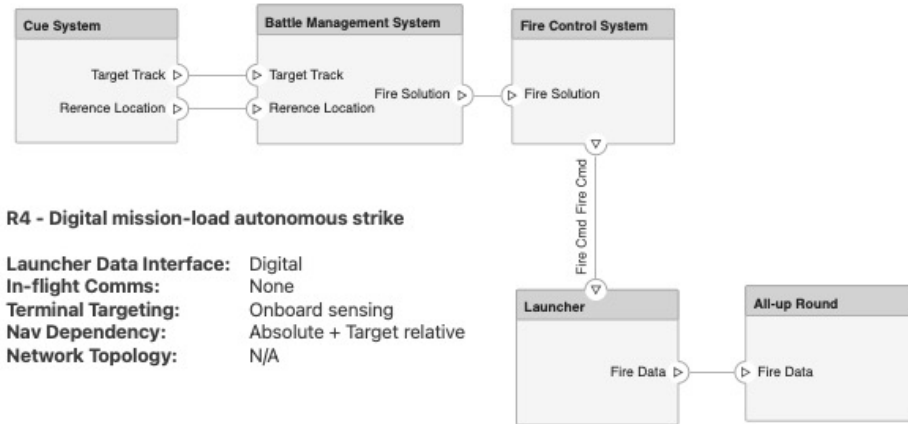
\* Not all stakeholders and collaborating organizations are shown.

## Capability Maturation and Transition Pathway

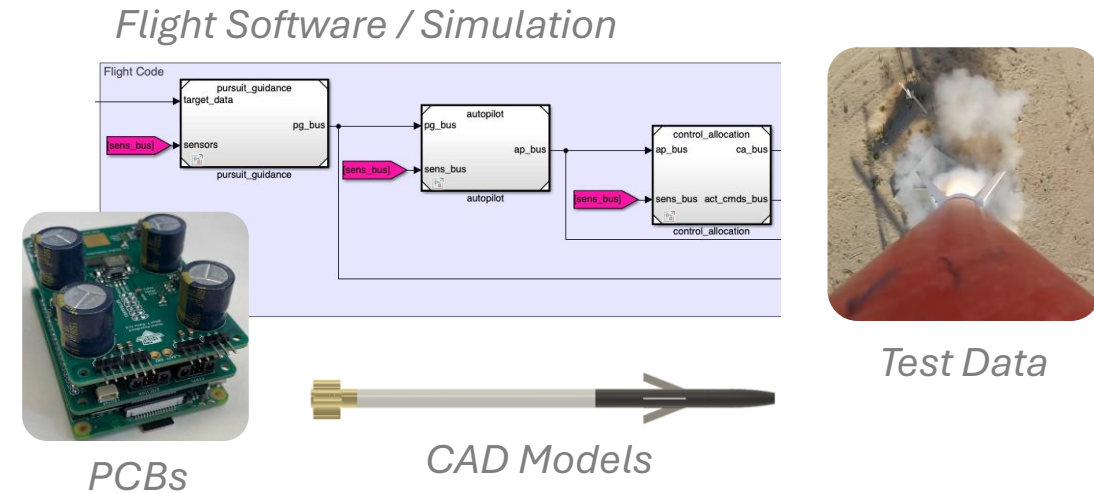
- NPS dissertation established the analytic basis and initial feasibility for a low-cost missile architecture and development framework.
- ONR Code 352, through a Future Naval Capability (FNC) program, provides the S&T program structure supporting continued missile development.
- Within the FNC, NPS is developing the Government Reference Design and Architecture, building on the validated dissertation framework and insights from CRADA maturation with industry.
- Transition of an industry-delivered, production-ready capability, co-developed alongside a government-owned reference design, allowing a Program Office to field immediately while retaining data rights, competition, and future upgrade paths.



## Government Reference Architecture



## Government Reference Design

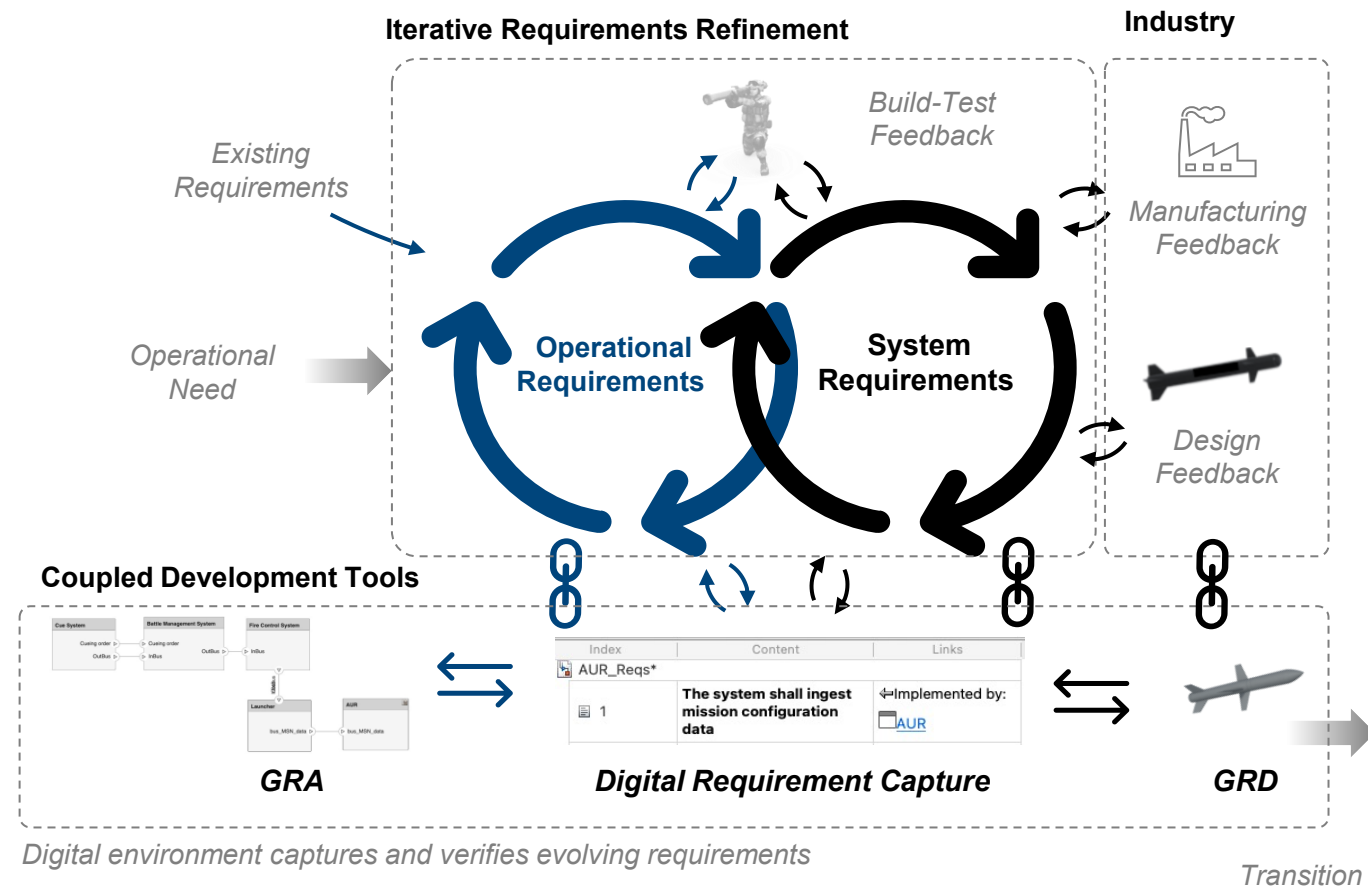


- Authoritative living baseline for requirements, interfaces, and verification
- Used to evaluate mission-thread and architecture tradeoffs early
- Refined iteratively with the reference design and prototype evidence

- Executable government baseline for software, hardware, simulation, and physical design
- Collaboratively matured with industry through iterative development
- Preserves continuity, supports transition, and enables future competition

## Evidence-Based Requirements Development

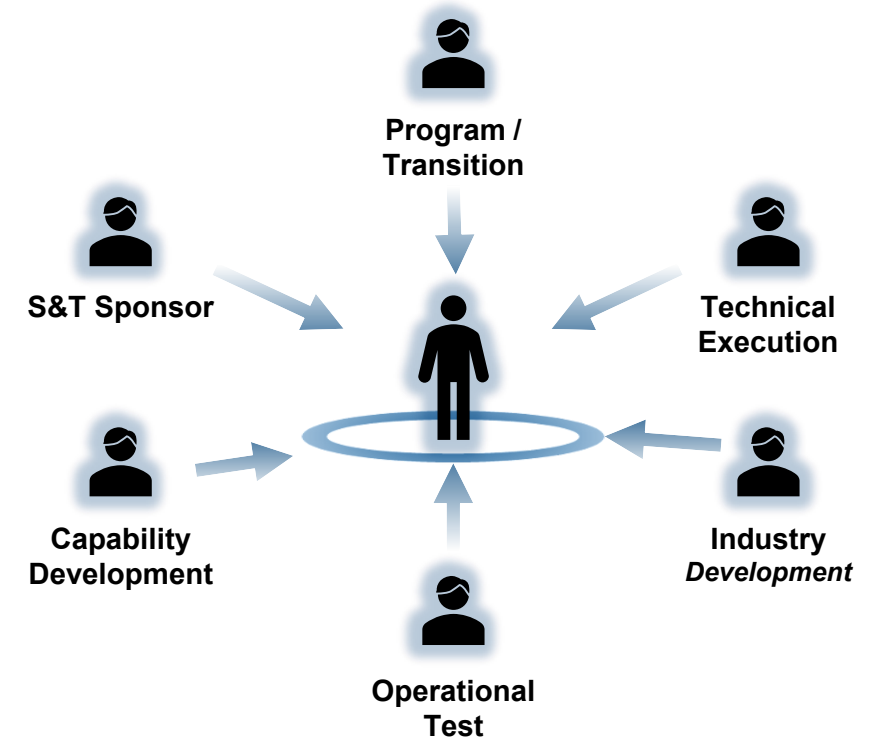
- Begins with operational need, not a fixed requirement set
- Detailed requirements emerge and mature alongside design, build, test, and analysis
- Requirements discipline is maintained, but embedded within the learning process
- Design evidence, prototype results, and implementation realities shape the evolving baseline
- Set-based analysis and GRD prototyping inform feasibility, tradeoffs, and transition relevance before requirement lock



**Result:** a more realistic, evidence-based requirement set aligned to operational utility

## Stakeholder and Industry Integration

- Stakeholders are engaged early enough to shape the evolving baseline, not react to it later
- Embedded capability developer serves as the integrating point across sponsors, requirements, test, transition, and technical stakeholders
- Industry collaboration occurs through sustained day-to-day engagement against a shared technical baseline
- Sprint-style coordination helps surface blockers, retire risk, and align near-term development priorities
- Result: tighter technical, requirements, and transition feedback loops with less translation loss across organizational boundaries



*Embedded Capability Developer as Integrating Node*

## Development Spectrum



- Best suited to development-intensive capabilities that cannot simply be bought and cannot be responsibly specified in full detail at the outset
- Most useful when operational need is clear, but the technical solution remains meaningfully uncertain
- Depends on a technically credible, operationally grounded government lead with sufficient institutional access
- Requires both a viable development environment and a plausible transition pathway
- Does not replace formal acquisition, but helps improve the technical and programmatic baseline before later commitments harden

# Conclusion: Early Observations from Implementation

- Early execution shows tighter coupling of architecture, design, verification, and prototype activity
- Collaborative maturation of the GRA and GRD has improved the credibility and utility of the government baseline
- Set-based analysis has shifted requirement development from early assumption to evidence-based convergence
- Result: a stronger, more coherent, and more transition-ready baseline while the system is still being defined

